

Maths Rapid Recall: Step 2		2.1
Target	Read the numbers 1 – 20 in numerals	
Detail	<p>This target is about recognizing the written numerals to 20 in sequence and at random.</p> <p>You could...</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Select the correct number to fill in a missing number line i.e 14, 15 , 16 , ? 	

Maths Rapid Recall: Step 2		2.2
Target	Say 1 more than any number to 20	
Detail	<p>This target is about children showing that they can add one more onto a number. To start with children will need to see this being done visually, e.g. We have 15 dinosaurs. What if I add another dinosaur? Children may also want to use a number line to see the next number in the sequence.</p> <p>Eventually children will be able to say what is one more than each number with instant recall.</p>	

Maths Rapid Recall: Step 2		2.3
Target	Write 1 more than any number to 20	
Detail	<p>This target is about solving addition problems and writing the numerical answers to the calculations. Children may need a number line to help them add one more to a given value.</p> <p>You could...</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Ask your child how many digits are in their number? ➤ What would one more than 15 be? ➤ What happens to the number of digits, when you find one more than 9? 	

Maths Rapid Recall: Step 2		2.4
Target	Say 1 less than any number to 20	
Detail	<p>This target is about children showing that they can subtract one from a number. To start with children will need to see this being done visually, e.g. We have sixteen dinosaurs. What if I took one of them away? Children may recount the remaining amount or count backwards to find the number remaining. Eventually children will be able to use a number line to see the previous number in the sequence.</p> <p>Eventually children will be able to say what is one less or fewer than each number with instant recall.</p>	

Maths Rapid Recall: Step 2		2.5
Target	Write 1 less than any number to 20	
Detail	<p>This target is about solving subtraction problems and writing the numerical answers to the calculations. Children may need a number line to help them count backwards to find one less than a given value.</p> <p>You could...</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Ask your child how many digits are in their number? ➤ What would one less or fewer than 15 be? ➤ What happens to the number of digits, when you find one less than 10? 	

Maths Rapid Recall: Step 2		2.6
Target	Say 1 more and 1 less than any 2 digit number	
Detail	<p>This target is about children showing they can add and subtract one from any number with 2 digits verbally (10 – 100). At first children will need to see this being done visually with objects. E.g. using tens and units blocks or towers of objects. They may then prefer to use a number line or 100 square to see the numbers in a sequence.</p> <p>Children will eventually be able to switch between counting forwards and backwards with ease.</p>	

Maths Rapid Recall: Step 2		2.7
Target	Write 1 more and 1 less than any 2 digit number	
Detail	<p>This target is about children showing they can add and subtract one from any number with 2 digits (10 – 100). At first children will need to see this being done visually with objects. E.g. using tens and units blocks or towers of objects. They may then prefer to use a number line or 100 square to see the numbers in a sequence.</p> <p>Children will eventually be able to switch between counting forwards and backwards with ease.</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px 10px;">1 less</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px 10px;">35</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px 10px;">1more</div> <div style="margin: 0 20px;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px 10px;">1 less</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px 10px;">47</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px 10px;">1more</div> </div>	

Maths Rapid Recall: Step 2		2.8
Target	Count in twos	
Detail	<p>This target is about being able to count in twos as a pattern. It is not the same as learning the two times table (which comes later). Being successful with counting in twos will help speed the progress of learning the two times table.</p> <p>You could:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Ask: How far can you count in twos? ➤ Ask: What number would follow in this sequence: 6,8,10,12....? How far can you continue the sequence? ➤ Ask: What about this sequence? 18,16,14,... What would come next? Can you get back to 0? 	

Maths Rapid Recall: Step 2		2.9
Target	Count in fives	
Detail	<p>This target is about being able to count in fives as a pattern. It is not the same as learning the five times table (which comes later). Being successful with counting in fives will help speed the progress of learning the 5 times table.</p> <p>You could:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Ask: How far can you count in fives? ➤ Ask: What number would follow in this sequence: 45,50,55,60,? How far can you continue the sequence? ➤ Ask: What about this sequence? 80,75,70,65,... What would come next? Can you get back to 0? 	

Maths Rapid Recall: Step 2		2.10
Target	Count in tens	
Detail	<p>This target is about being able to count in tens as a pattern. It is not the same as learning the ten times table (which comes later). Being successful with counting in tens will help speed the progress of learning the 10 times table.</p> <p>You could:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Ask: How far can you count in tens? ➤ Ask: What number would follow in this sequence: 40,50,60,? How far can you continue the sequence? ➤ Ask: What about this sequence? 90,80,70,... What would come next? Can you get back to 0? 	

Maths Rapid Recall: Step 2		2.11
Target	Number bonds to 10	
Detail	<p>This target is about being able to recall and use all the number bonds to ten; these are all the pairs of numbers that go together to make 10, e.g.</p> <p>3+7 = 10 4+6 = 10 5+5 = 10 6+4 = 10 etc.</p> <p>You could:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Ask: What would you add to 7 to get a total of 10? ➤ Use number cards from 1 to 9 – can you pair the numbers which make 10? ➤ Ask: How many pairs of numbers can you remember that make a total of 10? 	

Maths Rapid Recall: Step 2**2.12****Target** Addition and subtraction facts to 5

Detail This target is about being able to use the numbers 5, 4, 3, 2 and 1 to make addition and subtraction number sentences, e.g.

$3 + 2 = 5$
 $2 + 1 = 3$
 $1 + 4 = 5$
 $2 - 0 = 2$
 $4 - 1 = 3$
 $5 - 4 = 1$

You could:

- Ask: What numbers could you add to give a total of 4?
- Ask: Are there any other ways to get a total of 4?
- Say: There are 5 biscuits on a plate – I hide some under a tin and write this to show what I have done: $5 - 3 = 2$. Use the 5 biscuits to hide a different amount – can you write the subtraction sentence for what you have done?
- Look at this addition : $4 + 1 = 5$. Can you make a subtraction sentence using these numbers?

Maths Rapid Recall: Step 2**2.13****Target** Doubles of all numbers to 10 and halves of even numbers to 10

Detail This target is about being able to double any number from 1 – 10 and being able to halves any of the even numbers (2, 4, 6, 8, 10).

You could:

- Roll a dice and double the number.
- Pick a number, and then double it.
- Ask: What is the largest number you can double? Explain how you know your answer is right...
- Say: I doubled a number and got 18... which number did I double?