# **Pupil Premium Strategy Statement - Bentham Community Primary School**

1. Summary information	1. Summary information							
School	Bentham Co	Bentham Community Primary School						
Academic Year	2020/21	Total PP budget	£41,660	Date of most recent PP Review	July 2020			
Total number of pupils	123 R-Year 6	Number of pupils eligible for PP	Funding based on 30 (24%) September 2020 46 PP (37%)	Date for next internal review of this strategy	July 2021			

#### Assessment information (2018-2019 due to Covid19 in 2019-2020)

EYFS			
	Pupils eligible for pupil premium (PP)	Pupils not eligible for PP	
Cohort of 14	2 children	School Average	National average
Good level of development (GLD)	SUPP*	78.6%	72% (2018)

<sup>\*</sup>Please note in line with DfE standards for publication of data for small cohorts, this data has been suppressed to reduce the risk of individual pupils being identified.

YEAR 1 PHONICS SCREENING CHECK						
Pupils eligible for PP	Pupils not eligible for PP	National average				
Cohort of 18, 9 children PP						

YEAR 1 PHONICS SCREENING CHECK					
100%	100%	82% (2018)			

END OF KS1			
	Pupils eligible for PP	Pup	ils not eligible for PP
Cohort of 11	3 children	School average	National average
% achieving expected standard or above in reading, writing and maths	SUPP*	55%	

END OF KS2				
	Pupils eligible for PP	Pupi	ls not eligible for PP	
Cohort of 23	4 children	School average	National average	
% achieving expected standard or above in reading, writing and maths	SUPP*	44%	65%	
	School Progress Scores	s (21 matched pupils)		
% making expected progress in reading	SUPP*	-7.95		
% making expected progress in writing	SUPP*	-0.97		
% making expected progress in maths	SUPP*	-3.4		

ALL YEAR GROUPS					
Year Group	Y1 (PP=9)	Y2 (PP=3)	Y3 (PP=5)	Y4 (PP=5)	Y5 (PP=3)
% ARE RWM	67%	SUPP*	SUPP*	SUPP*	SUPP*

2. Ba	arriers to future attainment (for pupils eligible for PP, including high ability)	
In-sch	nool barriers (issues to be addressed in school, such as poor oral language skills)	
A.	Pupil premium children are a mix of low, middle and high prior attainers (63% are middle and ambitious and matches year group expectations, is required to challenge the progress of all c	
B.	74% of pupils eligible for pupil premium have social and emotional needs, 26% of pupils also have low self-esteem and motivation.	have SEND. Too many of these children are underachieving and
C.	A significant number of children in Year 5 are low prior attaining children with SEND (80% of are not making expected progress (20% RWM ARE in 2018-2019) These children need greater	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Extern	al barriers (issues which also require action outside school, such as low attendance ra	tes)
D	Attendance is below the target figure of 97% for 66% of pupil premium children. This reduces place on education and the importance of attendance is a concern.	their school hours and affects their progress. The value parents
E	Children lack the social and emotional support to enable them to engage in learning in a position engagement from parents is a contributing factor.	tive and aspirational direction. The frequency of positive
F	Lack of appropriate reading material, limited vocabulary and experiences prevent some child PP children did not reach ARE in Reading in 2018-2019)	ren from making good progress and reaching ARE in reading. (39%
3. De	esired outcomes	
	Desired outcomes and how they will be measured	Success criteria
A.	All children, regardless of their prior attainment, are making at least expected progress in order to meet aspirational end of year targets. Tracking data within school will be thorough and highlight when children are on track to make end of year targets and those who need support in order to accelerate their progress.	Staff have a greater understanding of year group end points and through comprehensive CPD, they are ambitious and challenging with their teaching and learning.  Teachers are aware of prior attainment and the progress required to ensure children stay on track or make accelerated progress. Teachers use prior attainment to track progress but not to set ability groups.  Aspirational end of year targets are being met using FFT 20.  At least 65% reaching ARE in RWM across all year groups.

		(48% achieved ARE in RWM in 2018-2019 across all year groups) At least 67% in Year 6 (based on prior attainment) (38% in 2017-2018, 50% in 2018-2019, 100% in 2019-2020 TA due to Covid19)
В.	Improved self-esteem and motivation of pupil premium children. Measured through observations and tracking of nurture group interventions.	Individual barriers to learning will be identified and addressed through nurture groups, with clear tracking of successes and next steps. Case studies will highlight clear improvement.  Parental engagement continues to improve with parents supportive of school and education.  Pupil premium children will have improved attitudes to learning and a more positive enthusiastic approach to school life.  Inclusion Provisions Maps for those children with SEND will be updated and provide an accurate record of achievements and progress.
C.	Individualised and tracked intervention programmes, alongside quality first teaching and pastoral support, leads to children in Year 4 and 5 making rapid progress and achieving ARE in RWM. Measured using assessment tracker and intervention trackers.	Barriers to learning identified and addressed through well planned and targeted intervention, IPMs recording this. Intervention and QFT seamlessly working alongside each other to impact positively on children's progress.  A greater % of Year 4 and 5* PP children working at ARE and making accelerated progress. (*SEND barriers to consider also in this cohort)  (Year 4 20% ARE in RWM in 2018-2019, 80% Reading, 60% Writing, 60% Maths Year 5 - 20% ARE in RWM in 2018-2019, 20% Reading, 20% Writing, 20% Maths) 2018-2019 data used due to Covid19 in 2019-2020
D.	Improved attendance of pupil premium children whose attendance is currently below 97%. Measured through attendance tracking.	Pupil premium children's attendance increases to 97% in line with whole school targets. (2019-2020, Whole School attendance 96%, PP attendance 94.6%)  Parents are supportive of the school and their children; placing a value on education.  At least 50% of Pupil premium children have an attendance of 97%, an increase from 34% in 2018-2019. 2019-2020 data hard to determine due to Covid19 Lockdown 1.
E.	Children's social and emotional needs are identified and supported through modelling and coaching. Measured through participation and pupil voice.	Pupil premium children feel positive about themselves and have high aspirations of themselves in the classroom and at home.

		At least 65% reaching ARE in RWM across all year groups. (48% achieved ARE in RWM in 2018-2019 across all year groups) At least 67% in Year 6 (based on prior attainment) (38% in 2017-2018, 50% in 2018-2019, 100% TA in 2019-2020 due to Covid19)
F.	Attainment in reading for all pupils eligible for PP increases.  Measured through data analysis and assessment tracker.	Pupils eligible for PP in KS1 and KS2 make rapid progress by the end of the year so that an increase in children eligible for PP meet age related expectations in Reading and in turn an increase reach ARE in Writing and Maths.  (61% ARE in Reading, Writing and Maths for PP children in 2018-2019 with 48% RWM combined) 2019-2020 data not used due to Covid19.

### 4. Planned expenditure

Academic year 2020/21

The three headings below enable schools to demonstrate how they are using the pupil premium to improve classroom pedagogy, provide targeted support and support whole school strategies.

## i. Quality of teaching for all

Desired outcome	Chosen action / approach	What is the evidence and rationale for this choice?	How will you ensure it is implemented well?	Staff lead	When will you review implementation?
Increased attendance of pupil premium children with attendance currently below 97%. (D)	Refer to Attendance Policy for whole school approach.  Invitation to attend Breakfast Club with	Attendance data indicates a high percentage of Pupil Premium children (66%) did not meet attendance targets. Low attendance is a barrier to their leaning and achievement.	Attendance Policy being fully implemented.  Attendance at Breakfast Club increasing for those children whose attendance is a concern.	CP with support from AD	Monthly
Cost: £3600	follow up if non-attendance.  FSA to support identified children and families.	"Pupils missing up to 14 days of school in key stage 2 (ages seven to 11) are a quarter less likely to achieve the expected standard or above in reading, writing or maths tests than those with no absence." (DfE)	Attendance case studies demonstrating successful strategies and identified areas for improvement.  Parent Workshops well attended with parent feedback.		

	Attendance initiatives in school to promote good attendance e.g. attendance trophy, certificates, class and individual rewards.  A series of planned parent workshops to develop understanding of education and support parents in engaging with their child's learning, led by FSA.		Attendance for pupil premium children increasing closer to 97% with fewer persistent absentees. (94.6% in 2019-2020 compared to 96% Whole School) 7.1% Persistent Absentees in 2019-2020 with the National average being 8.7% (2018). 7/8 Persistent Absentees being Pupil Premium.		
All children, regardless of their prior attainment, are making at least expected progress in order to meet aspirational end of year targets. (A)  Cost: £3800  Plus provision for specialist music teacher part-funded through Music grant in Spring term to release class teacher for verbal feedback sessions.	cpd for all staff, inclusive of teaching assistants and linked to performance management, to ensure all staff are confident in their knowledge and understanding of end of year expectations.  verbal feedback and marking with pupil premium children in Year 2 and Year 6 through dedicated feedback time.	End of 2018-2019 data indicated that not all pupil premium children, regardless of their prior attainment, were making expected or accelerated progress. Early indications for 2019-2020 showed that this was improving but due to Covid, there is no final end of year data to evidence this.  Continued staffing changes have led to staff moving year groups. A need for high quality, targeted CPD has been identified.  "High quality continuing professional development (CPD)cost effective way to improving teacher quality." (EEF)  Verbal feedback, in conjunction with a new feedback policy, proved to have some success last year. This will be continued to include a greater number of year groups.	Assessment Tracker indicating an increased number of children making expected or accelerated progress to reach end of year aspirational targets.  Performance management of all staff, inclusive of teaching assistants will directly link to the progress of middle and high prior attaining children.  Performance management will include clear identification of individual CPD needs with plans put in place accordingly.  Staff meetings and trainings will allow staff to feed back as soon as possible to ensure maximum impact and an opportunity to share knowledge.	CP with SR – English HH – Maths AMc - SEND	Termly

		"High impact for very low cost, +8 months." (EEF)	Verbal discussion and observation of feedback. Assessment tracker indicating an increased number of PP children achieving their targets.	HH and SH	Half-termly
Attainment in reading for all pupils eligible	Purchase of <b>Reading Plus for a 2</b> <sup>nd</sup> <b>year</b>	Alongside other initiatives in schools (see School Development Plan Priority	Standardised reading tests administered termly.	SR	
for PP increases. (F	,	2) the continued purchase of Reading			
and C)		Plus in Year 4, 5, 6 will support	Online analysis tool used to		
		children's reading fluency and	inform teaching and learning.		
Cost: £3100 (2nd		comprehension.			
year)		"On average, reading comprehension	Monitoring of Reading+		
		approaches deliver an additional six months' progress. Successful reading comprehension	Pupil Progress Meetings		
		approaches allow activities to be carefully tailored to pupils' reading capabilities, and	Increase in the % of children		
		involve activities and texts that provide an	making at least expected		
		effective, but not overwhelming, challenge." EEF	progress in Reading.		
Total budgeted cost					£10,500

#### ii. Targeted support

Desired outcome	Chosen action/approach	What is the evidence and rationale for this choice?	How will you ensure it is implemented well?	Staff lead	When will you review implementation?
Individualised and	Additional support	An identified group of children in Year 5	Assessment Tracker	AMc with	Termly
tracked intervention	provided for targeted	and 6 are not making expected		class	
programmes,	children to enable them	progress. Additional support is needed	Intervention Trackers	teachers	
alongside quality first	to make greater than	through 1:1 teaching and learning			
teaching and pastoral	expected progress.	through to small groups. Pupil Progress	Standardised Assessments		
support, leads to	Interventions (individual	meetings, assessment tracker and			
children in Year 5 and	and group) planned and	identification of SEND needs have	IPMs for children who are also		
6 making rapid	delivered by	identified clear barriers and next steps.	SEND		
progress and	experienced Teaching				
achieving ARE in	Assistants.	"Research which focuses on teaching assistants	Pupil Progress Meetings		
RWM. (C)		who provide one to one or small group support			

Cost: £15,506	Additional Teaching Assistant support provided in Class 5 to support the teaching and learning of Maths and English, alongside pastoral needs.	shows a stronger positive benefit of between three and five additional months on average."  EEF  Due to the high need within Class 5 (Year 5 and 6), additional teaching assistant support is being provided to support a variety of children make at least expected progress in Maths and English.			
Children's social and emotional needs are identified and supported through modelling and coaching. (E)  Cost: £1200	Continue the development of an afterschool 'Jigsaw' club for targeted children who need additional social and emotional support.  Continue and expand the development of the 'Lifeskills' group to support children's SEND and SEMH needs, helping to prepare them for their next step in education.	Low level aspiration in the school and wider community gathered through parent and pupil voice.  Internal school knowledge indicates increasing deprivation in line with increasing social, emotional needs of children in school.  "SEL interventions have an identifiable and valuable impact on attitudes to learning and social relationships in school. They also have an average overall impact of four months' additional progress on attainment." (EEF)	Effective identification of those children with highest need, including using the Boxall profile, where appropriate.  Pupil and Parent Voice before and after participation in Jigsaw and Lifeskills indicates positives outcomes.  Assess, Plan, Do, Review process to ensure effective implementation  At least 65% reaching ARE in RWM across all year groups. (48% achieved ARE in RWM in 2018-2019 across all year groups) At least 67% in Year 6 (based on prior attainment) (38% in 2017-2018, 50% in 2018-2019, 100% TA in 2019-2020 due to Covid19 Lockdown)	AMC AD	Termly

Improved self-esteem and motivation of pupil premium children. (B)  Cost: £8900	Continued development of our Family Support Assistant (FSA).  Provision of a wide variety of nurture groups e.g. Drawing and Talking, Lego Therapy, Worries and Anxieties, Chill and Chat.	Following an increase in the number of referrals made to Prevention and CSC in 2016-2017, we established the HSLW role in 2017-2018, this proved to be successful in early identification and intervention. In 2018-2019, further links were made with Early Help and greater support was provided for children and families within school. This continued in 2019-2020. A continued and growing high number of PP children with SEL needs this academic year evidences the continuing need for this role. The reduction in support from Early Help and the new School Champion referral system further supports the high need for this role in school. Our HSLW role has been changed to Family Support, with an increased time available each week.  "On average, SEL interventions have an identifiable and valuable impact on attitudes to learning and social relationships in school. They also have an average overall impact of four months' additional progress on attainment." (EEF)	Nurture Group Intervention Trackers evaluating impact and next steps. Case studies.  Boxhall Profile analysis  Pupil and parent voice alongside teachers observations and feedback, including Pupil Progress Meeting Action Plans  FSA Weekly Timetable  Assess, Plan, Do, Review process to ensure effective implementation  At least 65% reaching ARE in RWM across all year groups. (48% achieved ARE in RWM in 2018-2019 across all year groups) At least 67% in Year 6 (based on prior attainment) (38% in 2017-2018, 50% in 2018- 2019, 100% TA in 2019-2020 due to Covid19 Lockdown)	AMC	Termly
		(EEF)	,	dgeted cost	£25,606
iii. Other approach	es				
Desired outcome	Chosen action/approach	What is the evidence and rationale for this choice?	How will you ensure it is implemented well?	Staff lead	When will you review implementation?
Improved self-esteem and motivation of	Access to a programme of <b>outdoor</b> ,	Due to social deprivation and limited public transport children are not fully	Well planned programme of activities with clear success	СР	Termly

criteria ensuring progression of

skills.

accessing their local environment and

what it has to offer. Since the 2017-

pupil premium

children.

adventurous activities

throughout the school

(D and C)	voor within the least	2019 goodomis your shildren have	Doront and Dunil Vaice alargeids		
(B and C)	year within the local	2018 academic year children have	Parent and Pupil Voice alongside		
Coot, most by VDNAT	area, developing the	engaged with, and benefited from, the	teacher feedback.		
Cost: met by YDMT	core skills of	development and use of the school	Insurance and in other desired		
and other sources of	perseverance and	wildlife area; alongside opportunities	Improvement in attendance,		
funding to support	resilience to raise self-	provided by the Yorkshire Dales	evidenced in attendance analysis.		
the overall PP strategy	esteem.	Millennium Trust, in 2018-2019 the	_		
		delivery of the Bentham Outdoor	Improvement in progress and		
		Project further developed this with all	attainment, evidenced using		
		children, in every year group partaking	assessment tracker.		
		in a range of outdoor activities. This			
		continued in early 2019-2020. This will			
		continue this year targeting focused			
		groups of children (TBD) with the aim of			
		developing self-esteem and motivation			
		for key children.			
		"On average, pupils who participate in			
		adventure learning interventions make			
		approximately four additional months' progress. There is also evidence of an impact on			
		non-cognitive outcomes such as self-			
		confidence."			
		"non-cognitive skills such as perseverance and resilience are developed through adventure			
		learning and that these skills have a knock-on			
		impact on academic outcomes." (EEF)			
Improved outcomes	EYFS Pupil Premium	This approach was trialed in 2018-2019	EYFS Assessment Tracker	EC	Termly
for children in EYFS.	funding will be used to	and subsequently continued to enable			
Tor crimarer in Erro.	enable EYFS PP children	children to access 30 hour provision in	Learning Journeys		
Cost: £350	to access <b>30 hours of</b>	Nursery for Spring and Summer Term.	Learning Journeys		
C031. L330	Nursery provision,	This enabled those children to have	Parent Voice		
	alongside their peers, if	greater access to high quality teaching	raient voice		
	their parents do not	and learning and all the experiences and			
	•				
	qualify or are able to finance this.	opportunities available to their peers.			
	imance this.	This additional provision enabled those			
		children to make greater progress and			
		were better prepared for Reception.			

	"the evidence suggests that early years and pre-school interventions have a positive impact, delivering an average of around five additional months' progress. The approach appears to be particularly beneficial for children from low income families." EEF				
Total budgeted cost					

